



STUDY AIMS

To gain insight into geriatric rehabilitation (GR) through examining:

1. Recovery of older Covid-19 patients up to 6 months after discharge from GR
2. Care services of post-Covid-19 rehabilitation in various European countries

401 PATIENTS INCLUDED

Gender	47.1%	52.9%
Mean age	75 years (range: 44 - 100)	
Comorbidities (yes)	93.1%	
	most frequent: heart failure, diabetes, pulmonary disease	
Stayed at ICU	32.4% (median length 21 days)	
Length of GR	median 22 days (IQR 14 – 43)	

Clinical Frailty Status at admission to GR:



Very fit to managing well:
17.1%

Vulnerable to mildly frail:
25.7%

Moderately frail to very severely frail: 57.2 %

11 PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES



OUTCOMES of GERIATRIC REHABILITATION:

ADL functioning:

Patients are almost back at their pre-morbid level at discharge

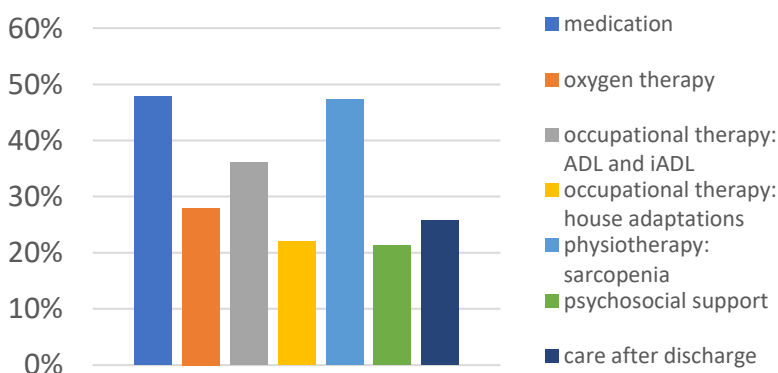
Discharge destination:

76.2% 4.8% 3.3% 2.6%

Quality of life

Strongly increased during GR

Frequency of the provided GR care services



**Many thanks to all participating institutions for their contribution.
Please keep up this important work!**